

# Tayside Contracts Joint Committee

Annual Audit Plan 2017/18



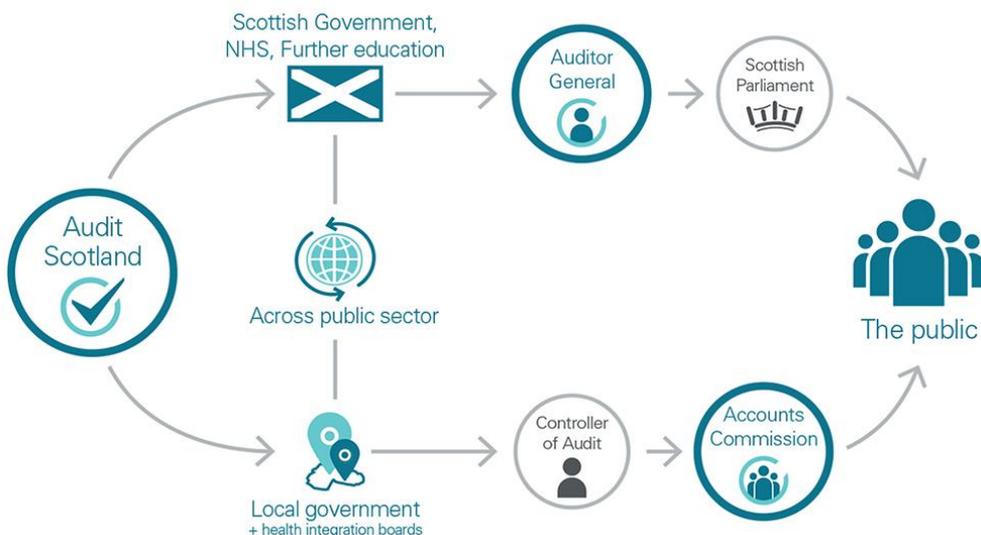
 AUDIT SCOTLAND

Prepared for Tayside Contracts Joint Committee  
March 2018

# Who we are

The Auditor General, the Accounts Commission and Audit Scotland work together to deliver public audit in Scotland:

- The Auditor General is an independent crown appointment, made on the recommendation of the Scottish Parliament, to audit the Scottish Government, NHS and other bodies and report to Parliament on their financial health and performance.
- The Accounts Commission is an independent public body appointed by Scottish ministers to hold local government to account. The Controller of Audit is an independent post established by statute, with powers to report directly to the Commission on the audit of local government.
- Audit Scotland is governed by a board, consisting of the Auditor General, the chair of the Accounts Commission, a non – executive board chair, and two non – executive members appointed by the Scottish Commission for Public Audit, a commission of the Scottish Parliament.



# About us

Our vision is to be a world – class audit organisation that improves the use of public money.

Through our work for the Auditor General and the Accounts Commission, we provide independent assurance to the people of Scotland that public money is spent properly and provides value. We aim to achieve this by:

- carrying out relevant and timely audits of the way the public sector manages and spends money
- reporting our findings and conclusions in public
- identifying risks, making clear and relevant recommendations.

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# Risks and planned work

1. This annual audit plan contains an overview of the planned scope and timing of our audit and is carried out in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs), the [Code of Audit Practice](#), and any other relevant guidance. This plan identifies our audit work to provide an opinion on the financial statements and related matters and meet the wider scope requirements of public sector audit

2. The wider scope of public audit contributes to conclusions on the appropriateness, effectiveness and impact of corporate governance, performance management arrangements and financial sustainability.

## Audit risks

3. Based on our discussions with staff, attendance at committee meetings and a review of supporting information we have identified the following main risk areas for Tayside Contracts Joint Committee (the Joint Committee). We have categorised these risks into financial risks and wider dimension risks. The key audit risks, which require specific audit testing, are detailed in [Exhibit 1](#).

## Exhibit 1

### 2017/18 Key audit risks

Audit Risk	Source of assurance	Planned audit work
<b>Financial statement issues and risks</b>		
<p><b>1 Risk of management override of controls</b></p> <p>ISA 240 requires that audit work is planned to consider the risk of fraud, which is presumed to be a significant risk in any audit. This includes consideration of the risk of management override of controls in order to change the position disclosed in the financial statements.</p>	<p>Owing to the nature of this risk, assurances from management are not applicable in this instance.</p>	<p>Detailed testing of journal entries.</p> <p>Review of accounting estimates.</p> <p>Focused testing of accruals and prepayments.</p> <p>Evaluation of significant transactions that are outside the normal course of business.</p>
<p><b>2 Risk of fraud over income</b></p> <p>The Joint Committee receives a significant amount of income from different income streams. The extent and complexity of income means that, in accordance with ISA240, there is an inherent risk of fraud.</p>	<p>There is effective budget monitoring and reporting by management.</p> <p>The Joint Committee participates in the National Fraud Initiative.</p> <p>The Joint Committee has internal controls in financial systems to mitigate risks of error or manipulation.</p>	<p>Analytical procedures on income streams.</p> <p>Detailed testing of income transactions focusing on the areas of greatest risk.</p>

Audit Risk	Source of assurance	Planned audit work
<p><b>3 Risk of fraud over expenditure</b></p> <p>Most public sector bodies are net expenditure bodies and therefore the risk of fraud is more likely to occur in expenditure.</p>	<p>There is effective budget monitoring and reporting by management.</p> <p>The Joint Committee participates in the National Fraud Initiative.</p> <p>The Joint Committee has internal controls in financial systems to mitigate risks of error or manipulation.</p>	<p>Analytical procedures on expenditure streams.</p> <p>Detailed testing of expenditure transactions focusing on the areas of greatest risk.</p>
<p><b>4 Estimation and judgements</b></p> <p>There is a significant degree of subjectivity in the measurement and valuation of the following material account areas:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• provisions</li> <li>• pension liabilities</li> </ul> <p>This subjectivity represents an increased risk of misstatement in the financial statements.</p>	<p>Confirmation is obtained from legal services of all potential legal cases together with an assessment of potential liability and likelihood of settlement.</p> <p>Pension figures are derived from valuation calculations prepared by appointed actuaries. Officers review the actuary information to ensure data and assumptions used are reasonable.</p>	<p>Completion of 'review of the work of an expert' for the actuary.</p> <p>Review of accounting estimates and disclosures.</p> <p>Additional assurances obtained from legal and HR officers in relation to provisions.</p> <p>Focussed substantive testing accruals and provisions.</p>
<p><b>Wider dimension risks</b></p>		
<p><b>5 Financial planning</b></p> <p>The Joint Committee does not consider medium to longer term financial planning as part of its business planning or budget setting process.</p> <p>Without a financial strategy to support the organisation's business plan there is a risk that the Joint Committee does not have a complete picture of its financial position and the challenges it faces in meeting its objectives in the medium to longer term.</p>	<p>Internal Audit findings on the Joint Committee's budgetary and financial controls.</p>	<p>Review of the Internal Audit report on budgetary and financial controls.</p>

## Reporting arrangements

4. Audit reporting is the visible output for the annual audit. All annual audit plans and the outputs as detailed in [Exhibit 2](#), and any other outputs on matters of public interest will be published on our website: [www.audit-scotland.gov.uk](http://www.audit-scotland.gov.uk).

**5.** Matters arising from our audit will be reported on a timely basis and will include agreed action plans. Draft management reports will be issued to the relevant officer(s) to confirm factual accuracy.

**6.** We will provide an independent auditor's report to the Joint Committee Tayside Contracts Joint Committee, and Accounts Commission setting out our opinions on the annual accounts. We will provide the Proper Officer and Accounts Commission with an annual report on the audit containing observations and recommendations on significant matters which have arisen in the course of the audit.

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## Exhibit 2

### 2017/18 Audit outputs

Audit Output	Target date	Joint Committee Date
Annual Audit Report including ISA 260 requirements	13 August	27 August
Signed Independent Auditor's Report	27 August	27 August

### Audit fee

**7.** The proposed audit fee for the 2017/18 audit of the Joint Committee Tayside Contracts Joint Committee is £37,870 (2016/17 £37,300). In determining the audit fee we have taken account of the risk exposure of the Joint Committee Tayside Contracts Joint Committee, the planned management assurances in place and the level of reliance we plan to take from the work of internal audit. Our audit approach assumes receipt of the unaudited financial statements, with a complete working papers package by 29 June.

**8.** Where our audit cannot proceed as planned through, for example, late receipt of unaudited financial statements or being unable to take planned reliance from the work of internal audit, a supplementary fee may be levied. An additional fee may also be required in relation to any work or other significant exercises outwith our planned audit activity.

### Responsibilities

#### Joint Committee and Proper Officer

**9.** Audited bodies have the primary responsibility for ensuring the proper financial stewardship of public funds, compliance with relevant legislation and establishing effective arrangements for governance, propriety and regularity that enable them to successfully deliver their objectives.

**10.** The audit of the financial statements does not relieve management or the Joint Committee as those charged with governance, of their responsibilities.

#### Appointed auditor

**11.** Our responsibilities as independent auditor are established by the 1973 Act for local government, and the Code of Audit Practice (including supplementary guidance) and guided by the auditing profession's ethical guidance.

**12.** Auditors in the public sector give an independent opinion on the financial statements and other specified information accompanying the financial statements. We also review and report on the arrangements within the audited body to manage its performance, regularity and use of resources. In doing this, we aim to support improvement and accountability.

# Audit scope and timing

## Financial statements

**13.** The statutory financial statements audit will be the foundation and source for the majority of the audit work necessary to support our judgements and conclusions. We also consider the wider environment and challenges facing the public sector. Our audit approach includes:

- understanding the business of the Joint CommitteeTayside Contracts Joint Committee and the associated risks which could impact on the financial statements
- assessing the key systems of internal control, and establishing how weaknesses in these systems could impact on the financial statements
- identifying major transaction streams, balances and areas of estimation and understanding how the Joint Committee will include these in the financial statements
- assessing the risks of material misstatement in the financial statements
- determining the nature, timing and extent of audit procedures necessary to provide us with sufficient audit evidence as to whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

**14.** We will give an opinion on the financial statements as to:

- whether they give a true and fair view in accordance with applicable law and the 2017/18 Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom of the financial position of the Joint Committee as at 31 March 2018 and its income and expenditure for the year then ended.
- whether they have been properly prepared in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the European Union, as interpreted and adapted by the 2017/18 Code.
- whether they have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973, The Local Authority Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2014, and the Local Government in Scotland Act 2003.

## Materiality

**15.** We apply the concept of materiality in planning and performing the audit. It is used in evaluating the effect of identified misstatements on the audit, and of any uncorrected misstatements, on the financial statements and in forming our opinion in the auditor's report.

**16.** We calculate materiality at different levels as described below. The calculated materiality values for the Joint Committee are set out in [Exhibit 3](#).



characteristics



responsibilities



principal activities



risks



governance arrangements

## Exhibit 3

### Materiality values

Materiality level	Amount
<b>Planning materiality</b> – This is the calculated figure we use in assessing the overall impact of audit adjustments on the financial statements. It has been set at 1% of gross expenditure for the year ended 31 March 2017 based on the latest audited accounts.	£0.708 million
<b>Performance materiality</b> – This acts as a trigger point. If the aggregate of errors identified during the financial statements audit exceeds performance materiality this would indicate that further audit procedures should be considered. Using our professional judgement we have calculated performance materiality at 60% of planning materiality.	£0.425 million
<b>Reporting threshold (i.e. clearly trivial)</b> – We are required to report to those charged with governance on all unadjusted misstatements in excess of the 'reporting threshold' amount. This has been calculated at 5% of planning materiality.	£35,000

Source: Tayside Contracts Joint Committee Audited Annual Accounts 2016/17.

**17.** We review and report on other information published with the financial statements including the forward to the accounts, management commentary, annual governance statement and the remuneration report. Any issue identified will be reported to the Joint Committee.

#### Timetable

**18.** To support the efficient use of resources it is critical that a financial statements timetable is agreed with us for the production of the unaudited accounts. An agreed timetable is included at [Exhibit 4](#) which takes account of submission requirements and planned Joint Committee dates.

## Exhibit 4

### Financial statements timetable

 Key stage	 Date
Consideration of unaudited financial statements by those charged with governance	25 June
Latest submission date of unaudited annual accounts with complete working papers package	29 June
Latest date for final clearance meeting with Proper Officer	17 July
Agreement of audited unsigned financial statements; Issue of Annual Audit Report including ISA 260 report to those charged with governance	13 August
Independent auditor's report signed	27 August

#### Internal audit

**19.** Auditing standards require internal and external auditors to work closely together to make best use of available audit resources. We seek to rely on the

work of internal audit wherever possible and as part of our planning process we carry out an assessment of the internal audit function. Internal audit is provided by Wylie & Bisset.

### Adequacy of Internal Audit

**20.** We will review the internal audit service to ensure that it operates in accordance with Public Sector Internal Audit Standards (PSIAS) and has sound documentation standards and reporting procedures in place.

### Areas of Internal Audit reliance

**21.** To support our audit opinion on the financial statements we plan to place formal reliance on the following planned internal audit review:

- Budgetary and Financial Controls
- 2017/18 Annual Governance Statement

**22.** In respect of our wider dimension audit responsibilities we also plan to consider the following area of internal audit work:

- Strategic Planning

### National Fraud Initiative

**23.** The Joint Committee engages with the National Fraud Initiative (NFI) exercise by submitting the required data sets, investigating matches and updating the NFI website. Our audit approach will include a final review of the Joint Committee's participation in the 2016/17 NFI exercise. We will report our findings in the 2017/18 Annual Audit Report.

### Audit dimensions

**24.** Our audit is based on four audit dimensions that frame the wider scope of public sector audit requirements as shown in [Exhibit 5](#).

## Exhibit 5

### Audit dimensions



### Financial sustainability

**25.** As auditors we consider the appropriateness of the use of the going concern basis of accounting as part of the annual audit. We will also comment on the body's financial sustainability in the longer term. We define this as medium term (two to five years) and longer term (longer than five years) sustainability. We will carry out work and conclude on:

- the effectiveness of financial planning in identifying and addressing risks to financial sustainability in the short, medium and long term
- the appropriateness and effectiveness of arrangements in place to address any identified funding gaps
- whether the Joint Committee can demonstrate the affordability and effectiveness of funding and investment decisions it has made.

### Financial management

**26.** Financial management is concerned with financial capacity, sound budgetary processes and whether the control environment and internal controls are operating effectively. We will review, conclude and report on:

- whether the Joint Committee has arrangements in place to ensure systems of internal control are operating effectively
- whether the Joint Committee can demonstrate the effectiveness of budgetary control system in communicating accurate and timely financial performance
- how the Joint Committee has assured itself that its financial capacity and skills are appropriate
- whether the Joint Committee has established appropriate and effective arrangements for the prevention and detection of fraud and corruption.

### Governance and transparency

**27.** Governance and transparency is concerned with the effectiveness of scrutiny and governance arrangements, leadership and decision – making and transparent reporting of financial and performance information. We will review, conclude and report on:

- whether the Joint Committee can demonstrate that the governance arrangements in place are appropriate and operating effectively.
- whether there is effective scrutiny, challenge and transparency on the decision – making and finance and performance reports.
- the quality and timeliness of financial and performance reporting.

### Value for money

**28.** Value for money refers to using resources effectively and continually improving services. We will review, conclude and report on whether:

- The Joint Committee can provide evidence that it is demonstrating value for money in the use of its resources.
- The Joint Committee can demonstrate that there is a clear link between money spent, output and outcomes delivered.
- The Joint Committee can demonstrate that outcomes are improving.
- There is sufficient focus on improvement and the pace of it.

## Independence and objectivity

**29.** Auditors appointed by the Accounts Commission or Auditor General must comply with the Code of Audit Practice and relevant supporting guidance. When auditing the financial statements auditors must also comply with professional standards issued by the Financial Reporting Council and those of the professional accountancy bodies. These standards impose stringent rules to ensure the independence and objectivity of auditors. Audit Scotland has in place robust arrangements to ensure compliance with these standards including an annual “fit and proper” declaration for all members of staff. The arrangements are overseen by the Director of Audit Services, who serves as Audit Scotland’s Ethics Partner.

**30.** The engagement lead for Joint Committee audit is Carol Hislop, Senior Audit Manager. Auditing and ethical standards require the appointed auditor to communicate any relationships that may affect the independence and objectivity of audit staff. We are not aware of any such relationships pertaining to the audit of the Joint Committee Tayside Contracts Joint Committee.

## Quality control

**31.** International Standard on Quality Control (UK and Ireland) 1 (ISQC1) requires that a system of quality control is established, as part of financial audit procedures, to provide reasonable assurance that professional standards and regulatory and legal requirements are being complied with and that the independent auditor’s report or opinion is appropriate in the circumstances.

**32.** The foundation of our quality framework is our Audit Guide, which incorporates the application of professional auditing, quality and ethical standards and the Code of Audit Practice (and relevant supporting guidance) issued by Audit Scotland and approved by the Auditor General for Scotland. To ensure that we achieve the required quality standards Audit Scotland conducts peer reviews, internal quality reviews and is currently reviewing the arrangements for external quality reviews.

**33.** As part of our commitment to quality and continuous improvement, Audit Scotland will periodically seek your views on the quality of our service provision. We welcome feedback at any time and this may be directed to the engagement lead.

## Adding Value

**34.** Through our audit work we aim to add value to the Audited Body. We will do this by ensuring our Annual Audit Report provides a summary of the audit work done in the year together with clear judgements and conclusions on how well the Audited Body has discharged its responsibilities and how well it has demonstrated the effectiveness of its arrangements. Where it is appropriate we will recommend actions that support continuous improvement and summarise areas of good practice identified from our audit work.

# Tayside Contracts Joint Committee

## 2017/18

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