The Skills Development Scotland Co. Ltd

Annual Audit Plan 2022/23





Prepared for Skills Development Scotland

March 2023

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Introduction

Summary of planned audit work

- 1. This document summarises the work plan for our 2022/23 external audit of Skills Development Scotland (SDS). The main elements of our work include:
 - evaluation of the key controls within the main accounting systems
 - an audit of the financial statements, and provision of an Independent Auditor's Report
 - an audit opinion on regularity and other statutory information published within the annual report and financial statements, including the Strategic Report, the Governance Statement and the Remuneration Report
 - consideration of arrangements in relation to wider scope areas: financial management; financial sustainability; vision, leadership and governance; and use of resources to improve outcomes
 - consideration of Best Value arrangements.

Audit Appointment

- 2. We are pleased to be appointed as the external auditor of SDS for the period 2022/23 to 2026/27 inclusive. You can find a brief biography of your audit team at Appendix 1.
- **3.** In the first year of the audit appointment, we invest significant time gaining an understanding of your business and identifying and assessing the risks of material misstatement to the financial statements. While we use our initial assessment of risk to inform our planned audit approach, we keep our assessment of risks under review as the audit progresses. We will inform you of any significant changes in assessed risks and any resulting changes in our planned audit work.
- 4. The audit team will actively engage with you over the course of the audit to ensure our audit work continues to be focused on risk.

Adding value

5. We aim to add value to SDS through our external audit work by being constructive and forward looking, by attending meetings of the Audit and Risk Committee (ARC) and by recommending and encouraging good practice. In so doing, we will help SDS promote improved standards of governance, better management and decision making and more effective use of resources.

Respective responsibilities of the auditor and SDS

6. The <u>Code of Audit Practice 2021</u> sets out in detail the respective responsibilities of the auditor and SDS. Key responsibilities are summarised below.

Auditor responsibilities

- **7.** Our responsibilities as independent auditors are established by the Public Finance and Accountability (Scotland) Act 2000 and the <u>Code of Audit Practice</u> (including <u>supplementary guidance</u>) and guided by the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard.
- **8.** Auditors in the public sector give an independent opinion on the financial statements and other information within the annual report and financial statements. We also review and report on the wider scope arrangements in place at SDS. In doing this, we aim to support improvement and accountability.

SDS responsibilities

- **9.** SDS is responsible for maintaining accounting records and preparing financial statements that give a true and fair view.
- **10.** SDS has the primary responsibility for ensuring the proper financial stewardship of public funds, compliance with relevant legislation and establishing effective arrangements for governance, propriety and regularity that enable SDS to deliver their objectives.

Financial statements audit planning

Introduction

- **11.** The annual report and financial statements are an essential part of demonstrating SDS' stewardship of resources and its performance in the use of those resources
- **12.** As part of our planning process, we prepare a risk assessment highlighting the audit risks relating to each of the main financial systems relevant to the production of the financial statements. We focus our work on areas of highest risk.

Materiality

13. The concept of materiality is applied by auditors in planning and performing the audit, and in evaluating the effect of any uncorrected misstatements on the financial statements. We are required to plan our audit to determine with reasonable confidence whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The assessment of what is material is a matter of professional judgement over both the amount and the nature of the misstatement.

Materiality levels for the 2022/23 audit

14. We assess materiality at different levels and the materiality values for SDS are set out in Exhibit 1.

Exhibit 1 2022/23 Materiality levels for SDS

Materiality	Amount
Planning materiality – This is the figure we calculate to assess the overall impact of audit adjustments on the financial statements. Materiality has been set based on our assessment of the needs of the users of the financial statements and the nature of SDS' operations. For the year ended 31 March 2023 we have set our materiality at 2% of budgeted gross expenditure, based on the latest management accounts for the year.	£4.7 million
Performance materiality – This acts as a trigger point. If the aggregate of errors identified during the financial statements audit exceeds performance materiality, this could indicate that further audit procedures should be considered. Using our professional judgement, we have assessed performance materiality at 60% of planning materiality.	£2.8 million

Reporting threshold (i.e. clearly trivial) – We are required to report to those charged with governance on all unadjusted misstatements more than the 'reporting threshold' amount.

£190,000

Source: Audit Scotland

Significant risks of material misstatement to the financial statements

- **15.** Our risk assessment draws on our cumulative knowledge of SDS, its major transaction streams, key systems of internal control and risk management processes. It is informed by our discussions with management, meetings with internal audit, attendance at committees and a review of supporting information.
- **16.** Audit risk assessment is an iterative and dynamic process. Our assessment of risks set out in this plan may change as more information and evidence becomes available during the progress of the audit. Where such changes occur, we will advise management and where relevant, report them to those charged with governance.
- 17. Based on our risk assessment process, we identified the following significant risks of material misstatement to the financial statements. These are risks which have the greatest impact on our planned audit procedures. Exhibit 2 summarises the nature of the risk, the sources of assurance from management arrangements and the further audit procedures we plan to perform to gain assurance over the risk.

Exhibit 2 2022/23 Significant risks of material misstatement to the financial statements

Sources of assurance Significant risk of Planned audit response material misstatement Review the design and 1. Risk of material Owing to the nature of this implementation of controls over misstatement due to risk, assurances from journal processing. fraud caused by management are not management override of applicable in this instance. Make inquiries of individuals controls involved in the financial reporting process about inappropriate or International Standard on unusual activity. Auditing (UK) 240 requires Test journals at the year-end and that audits are planned to post-closing entries, with a focus on consider that management is in a unique position to significant risk areas. perpetrate fraud because Evaluate significant transactions of management's ability to outside the normal course of override controls that business. otherwise appear to be Assess any changes to the operating effectively. This methods and underlying assumptions used to prepare

		Timanolar statemente adait planning 7
Significant risk of material misstatement	Sources of assurance	Planned audit response
is presumed to be a significant risk in all audits.		accounting estimates compared to the prior year.
2. Estimation and judgements – European Funding	Regular engagement with the Managing Authority, including	 Review management's controls over the ESF income accrual reported in the accounts.
SDS receives funding from the European Social Fund (ESF) which is administered by the European Commission (EC) and managed by the Scottish Government (SG).	 attendance at SDS Audit & Risk Committee meetings. Regular monitoring and update of the ESF risk and mitigation plan by SDS and the Managing Authority regarding 	 Detailed testing of the ESF income accrual including an assessment of estimation uncertainty and related disclosures. Review of correspondence in relation to ESF funds. Review of the ESF risk and
Following delays in recent years to the receipt of ESF monies, SDS has recognised a significant income accrual (2021/22: £60.2 million). SDS allows for uncertainty in this accounting estimate through a 'expected credit loss provision' based on historic claim data	ongoing ESF claims. • Low incidence of ineligible expenditure identified in previously paid claims for ESF funding provides assurance over SDS' verification checks which precede claim submission and support the valuation of the year-end income accrual.	 mitigation plan and related updates. Review of budget monitoring papers and ongoing engagement with management. Review of SDS' ESF claims and internal verification checks.

Source: Audit Scotland

historic claim data

balance.

(2021/22: £3.0 million).

amount of estimation and

judgement applied to this

There is a significant

18. As set out in International Standard on Auditing (UK) 240: The auditor's responsibilities relating to fraud in an audit of financial statement, there is a presumed risk of fraud over the recognition of revenue. There is a risk that revenue may be misstated resulting in a material misstatement in the financial statements. We have rebutted this risk for SDS as its material income streams are low risk. These consist of funding from the Scottish Government, recharges from partnership bodies and European grants which is covered under a separate risk (see Exhibit 2, item 2).

Expected credit loss

annually, taking account of

provision is reviewed

all newly available

 Brought-forward balances are reviewed

information.

annually.

- **19.** In line with Practice Note 10: Audit of financial statements and regularity of public sector bodies in the United Kingdom, as most public-sector bodies are net spending bodies, the risk of material misstatement due to fraud related to expenditure recognition may in some cases be greater than the risk relating to revenue recognition. We have rebutted this risk for SDS because most expenditure is directly supported by systems where we have previously confirmed that controls operate as expected. Additionally, the type of payments involved are not complex and generally relate to contracts or grant agreements.
- **20.** We have not, therefore, incorporated specific work into our audit plan in these areas over and above our standard audit procedures.

Other areas of audit focus

- **21.** As part of our assessment of audit risks, we have identified other areas where we consider there are also risks of material misstatement to the financial statements. Based on our assessment of the likelihood and magnitude of the risk, we do not consider these to represent significant risks. We will keep these areas under review as our audit progresses.
- **22.** These areas of specific audit focus include:
 - Estimations and judgements over pensions valuations SDS is a member of the local government pension scheme (LGPS), which is accounted for as a defined benefit scheme in line with IAS 19. The present value of the retirement (pension) obligations depends on several factors that are determined on an actuarial basis using a number of assumptions. Any changes to supporting assumptions caused by errors in the information provided to the actuary, or through late information, could result in a material misstatement to the financial statements.
 - Implementation of a new payroll system SDS has implemented a new payroll system from 1 April 2022. There is an inherent risk associated with the implementation of any main financial system. We will carry out work to obtain assurance over the implementation process, including the completeness and accuracy of data migration.

Wider Scope and Best Value

Introduction

- 23. The Code of Audit Practice sets out the four areas that frame the wider scope of public sector audit. The Code of Audit Practice requires auditors to consider the adequacy of the arrangements in place for the wider scope areas in audited bodies.
- **24.** In summary, the four wider scope areas cover the following:
 - Financial management means having sound budgetary processes. We will consider the arrangements to secure sound financial management including the strength of the financial management culture, accountability and arrangements to prevent and detect fraud, error and other irregularities. We will also monitor ongoing engagement with Scottish Government with regard to cashflow requirements arising from the ESF funding issues.
 - **Financial sustainability** as auditors, we consider the appropriateness of the use of the going concern basis of accounting as part of the annual audit. We will assess how well SDS is planning to deliver services over the medium and longer term. We will monitor progress on the development of long-term financial planning arrangements.
 - Vision, leadership and governance we conclude on the arrangements in place to deliver the vision, strategy and priorities adopted by SDS. We also consider the effectiveness of the governance arrangements to support delivery.
 - Use of resources to improve outcomes we will consider how SDS demonstrates economy, efficiency and effectiveness through the use of financial and other resources.
- 25. Our planned work on our wider scope responsibilities is risk based and proportionate and in addition to local risks we consider challenges which are impacting the public sector as a whole. In 2022/23 we will also consider SDS' arrangements for tackling climate change and responding to cyber security threats.

Climate Change

26. Tackling climate change is one of the greatest global challenges. The Scottish Parliament has set a legally binding target of achieving net zero emissions by 2045 and has interim targets including a 75% reduction in greenhouse gas emissions by 2030. The public sector in Scotland has a key role to play in ensuring these targets are met and in adapting to the impacts of climate change.

27. The Auditor General and Accounts Commission are developing a programme of work on climate change. In 2022/23, we will gather information on SDS' arrangements for responding to climate change, covering areas such as the development of climate change strategies and the monitoring and reporting of progress against targets for reducing emissions.

Cyber Security

28. There continues to be a significant risk of cyber-attacks to public bodies, and it is important that appropriate cyber security arrangements are in place to address those risks. A number of recent incidents have demonstrated the significant impact that a cyber-attack can have on both the finances and operation of an organisation. In 2022/23, we will consider SDS' arrangements for managing and mitigating cyber security risks.

Duty of Best Value

29. Ministerial Guidance to Accountable Officers for public bodies and the Scottish Public Finance Manual (SPFM) explain that accountable officers have a specific responsibility to ensure that arrangements have been made to secure Best Value. We will be carrying out a high-level review to confirm that such arrangements are in place within SDS.

Reporting arrangements, timetable, and audit fee

Reporting arrangements

- **30.** Audit reporting is the visible output for the annual audit. All Annual Audit Plans and the outputs, as detailed in Exhibit 3, and any other outputs on matters of public interest will be published on our website: www.audit-scotland.gov.uk.
- **31.** Matters arising from our audit will be reported on a timely basis and will include agreed action plans. Draft management reports will be issued to the relevant officers to confirm factual accuracy.
- **32.** We will provide an independent auditor's report to SDS, the Scottish Parliament and the Auditor General for Scotland setting out our opinions on the annual report and financial statements. We will provide SDS and the Auditor General for Scotland with an annual report on the audit containing observations and recommendations on significant matters which have arisen during the audit.
- **33.** Exhibit 3 outlines the target dates for our audit outputs, and we aim to issue the independent auditor's report by the statutory deadline of 31 October 2023.

Exhibit 3 2022/23 Audit outputs

Audit Output	Target date	Audit and Risk Committee Date
Annual Audit Plan	31 March 2023	19 April 2023
Independent Auditor's Report	24 August 2023	31 August 2023
Annual Audit Report	24 August 2023	31 August 2023

Source: Audit Scotland

Timetable

34. To support an efficient audit, it is critical that the timetable for producing the annual report and financial statements for audit is achieved. We have included a proposed timetable for the audit at Exhibit 4 that has been discussed with management.

35. We intend to take a hybrid approach to the 2022/23 audit with a blend of onsite and remote working. We will continue to work closely with management to identify the most efficient approach as appropriate and will keep timeframes and logistics for the completion of the audit under review. Progress will be discussed with management and finance officers over the course of the audit.

Exhibit 4 Proposed annual report and financial statements timetable

⊘ Key stage	Provisional Date
Consideration of the unaudited annual report and financial statements by those charged with governance	5 May 2023
Latest submission date for the receipt of the unaudited annual report and financial statements with complete working papers package	9 May 2023
Latest date for final clearance meeting with the Director of Finance	9 June 2023
Issue of draft Letter of Representation and proposed Independent Auditor's Report	24 August 2023
Agreement of audited and unsigned annual report and financial statements	24 August 2023
Issue of Annual Audit Report to those charged with governance.	24 August 2023
Signed Independent Auditor's Report	To be confirmed

Source: Audit Scotland

Audit fee

- **36.** In determining the audit fee, we have taken account of the risk exposure of SDS and the planned management assurances in place. The proposed audit fee for 2022/23 is £116,620 (2021/22: £89,310).
- 37. Our fees have increased in 2022/23 and this is a reflection of the current audit market and the rising costs in delivering high quality audit work. There are increased regulatory expectations and risks placed on audit and its quality, as well as a widening in the scope of work audit must cover.
- **38.** In setting the fee for 2022/23 we have assumed that SDS has effective governance arrangements and will prepare comprehensive and accurate accounts for audit in line with the agreed timetable. The audit fee assumes there will be no major change in respect of the scope of the audit during the year and where our audit cannot proceed as planned, a supplementary fee may be levied.

Other matters

Internal audit

- **39.** It is the responsibility of SDS to establish adequate internal audit arrangements. We will review the internal audit plan and the results of internal audit's work.
- **40.** From our initial review of the internal audit plans, we do not plan to place formal reliance on internal audit's work for our financial statements' responsibilities.
- **41.** While we are not planning to place formal reliance on the work of internal audit in 2022/23, we will review internal audit reports and assess the impact of the findings on our financial statements and wider scope audit responsibilities.

Independence and objectivity

- **42.** Auditors appointed by the Auditor General for Scotland or Accounts Commission must comply with the Code of Audit Practice and relevant supporting guidance. When auditing the financial statements, auditors must also comply with professional standards issued by the Financial Reporting Council and those of the professional accountancy bodies. These standards impose stringent rules to ensure the independence and objectivity of auditors.
- **43.** Audit Scotland has robust arrangements in place to ensure compliance with these standards including an annual 'fit and proper' declaration for all members of staff. The arrangements are overseen by the Executive Director of Innovation and Quality, who serves as Audit Scotland's Ethics Partner.
- 44. The appointed auditor for SDS is Pauline Gillen, Audit Director. Auditing and ethical standards require the appointed auditor to communicate any relationships that may affect the independence and objectivity of audit staff. We are not aware of any such relationships pertaining to the audit of SDS.

Audit Quality

- **45.** Quality is at the core of public audit in Scotland and is the foundation for building consistency and confidence across all audit work. High quality audits provide assurance, add value and can support public bodies to achieve their objectives.
- **46.** Until 2021/22, the applicable audit quality standard was International Standard on Quality Control 1 (ISQC (UK) 1). This set out an audit practice's responsibilities for its system of quality control for audits.
- **47.** ISQC (UK) 1 has been replaced by two new audit quality standards: Internal Standards on Quality Management (ISQM (UK) 1) applicable from 15 December

- 2022 and (ISQM (UK) 2) effective for the 2023/24 audits. Work is underway at Audit Scotland to meet the requirements of these quality standards.
- **48.** Audit Scotland is committed to delivering high quality audits. The foundation of our quality framework is our Audit Guide, which incorporates the application of professional auditing, quality and ethical standards and Code of Audit Practice (and supplementary guidance) issued by Audit Scotland and approved by the Auditor General for Scotland. To ensure that we achieve the required quality standards, Audit Scotland conducts peer reviews and internal quality reviews. Additionally, the Institute of Chartered Accountants of England and Wales (ICAEW) have been commissioned to carry out external quality reviews.
- **49.** As part of our commitment to quality and continuous improvement, Audit Scotland will periodically seek your views on the quality of our service provision. We welcome feedback at any time, and this may be directed to the appointed auditor.

Appendix 1. Your audit team

50. The audit team involved in the audit of Skills Development Scotland has significant experience in public sector audit.

> Pauline Gillen **Audit Director** pgillen@auditscotland.gov.uk

Pauline has over 16 years of public sector auditing experience. Pauline has worked across the breadth of the public sector on both financial and performance audits.

Lisa Duthie Senior Audit Manager Iduthie@auditscotland.gov.uk

Lisa has over 14 years of public sector audit experience and has delivered external audit services to a range of bodies including local authorities, health boards and central government bodies.

Martin Nolan Senior Auditor mnolan@auditscotland.gov.uk

Martin has experience in planning and delivering audits. Martin will lead the team and work alongside the Senior Audit Manager and Audit Director to deliver the audit.

51. The local audit team is supported by a specialist technical accounting team, all of whom have significant experience of public bodies and work with accounting regulatory bodies.

Skills Development Scotland

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Audit Scotland's published material is available for download on the website in a number of formats. For information on our accessibility principles, please visit:

www.audit-scotland.gov.uk/accessibility

For the latest news follow us on social media or subscribe to our email alerts.



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